Equality Impact Assessment (EIA)

Before completing this form, please refer to the supporting guidance documents which can be found on the equality page of the intranet. The page also provides the name of your Corporate Equality Group member should you need any additional advice.

Equality Impact Assessments (EIAs) are a planning tool that enable us to build equality into mainstream processes by helping us to:

- consider the equality implications of our policies (this includes criteria, practices, functions or services essentially everything we do) on different groups of employees, service users, residents, contractors and visitors
- identify the actions we need to take to improve outcomes for people who experience discrimination and disadvantage
- fulfil our commitment to public service.

The level of detail included in each EIA should be proportionate to the scale and significance of its potential impact on the people with protected characteristics.

This assessment may be published on the Authority's website as part of a Council or Cabinet Report. It can also be requested under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and can be used as evidence in complaint or legal proceedings.

Proposal details

Name of the policy or process being assessed	North Tyneside Zero Emission Vehicles (ZEV) Strategy
2. Version of this EIA (e.g. a new EIA = 1)	2	
3. Date EIA created	29 October 2021 (updated 16 August 202	24)
	Name	Service or organisation
4. Principal author of this EIA	John Cram	Regeneration and Economic Development (previously Environment, Housing and Leisure)

5. Others involved in writing this EIA	Andrew Flynn	Regeneration and Economic
EIAs should not be completed by a sole		Development (previously Environment,
author. Think about key stakeholders and		Housing and Leisure)
others who can support the process and bring		
different ideas and perspectives to the	Previously involved in writing version 1 in	
discussion.	2021:	
	Colin MacDonald	(previously Environment, Housing and
		Leisure)

6. What is the purpose of your proposal, who should it benefit and what outcomes should be achieved?

In October 2021, Cabinet approved the revised North Tyneside Transport Strategy. The Transport Strategy explains our transport vision and is used to: shape our future decisions, influence sub-regional, regional and national issues, support future funding bids for transport-related projects or initiatives and support the implementation of the North Tyneside Local Plan.

The revised Transport Strategy contained a commitment to update, where appropriate, the specific strategies and plans which fit within the context of the Transport Strategy. This included developing a new North Tyneside Zero Emission Vehicles (ZEV) Strategy, which is the subject of this EIA.

The outcomes to be achieved by the ZEV Strategy are reflected in the Transport Strategy's five principles, which are: reduce carbon emissions from transport; improve health outcomes; support inclusive economic growth; improve connectivity; and manage demand and enable smart choices for all. The ZEV Strategy seeks to benefit all users of the transport networks in the borough, including those who may benefit indirectly through decreases in local air pollution and noise associated with a wider shift from petrol or diesel vehicles to ZEVs.

An Annual Report on the Transport Strategy is presented to Cabinet to update on progress against the five principles above.

Following a decision of Cabinet in February 2024, work has taken place to update the ZEV Strategy: this Equality Impact Assessment has been updated to reflect this.

7. Does this proposal contribute to the achievement of the Authority's public sector equality duty? Will your proposal:

Write your answers in the table

Aim	Answer:	If yes, how?
Eliminate unlawful discrimination, victimisation and harassment Advance equality of opportunity	Yes, No, or N/A No Yes	Elements of the ZEV Strategy will contribute to advancing equality of opportunity
between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not		between people with a disability and those who do not have a disability. For example, for people with a disability who travel more often in a motor vehicle for their journeys, the proposal will help to ensure that they continue to be able to travel as petrol and diesel vehicles are replaced by ZEVs. In addition, making provision for disabled access to chargepoints will be a design consideration when these are installed or renewed. The proposed updated 2024 version of the strategy additionally includes an appendix which sets out the Authority's position regarding the use of cable matting (cable protectors) crossing the public highway (including the footway), which specifies that the Authority does not authorise or advocate the use of cable matting crossing the highway for EV charging. This may advance equality of opportunity in relation to certain protected characteristics: for example, those whose mobility is affected by pregnancy and maternity; those who have age-related mobility issues; and people with certain disabilities, e.g. who are partially sighted or blind or have disability-related mobility issues.
Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not	No	

Evidence Gathering and Engagement

8. What evidence has been used for this assessment?

In developing the ZEV Strategy we have used evidence from a range of sources, including national statistics and regional and local data, details of which are set out in the Transport Strategy Annual Report which is presented to Cabinet each year. We have also used evidence from various forms of ongoing engagement activities as described in section 9.b.

We have also used relevant guidance such as the Department for Transport's 'Inclusive Mobility: a guide to best practice on access to pedestrian and transport infrastructure' (2022).

9.a Have you carried out any engagement in relation to this proposal?

Yes - please complete 9b	\checkmark
No	

9.b Engagement activity undertaken	With	When
In developing the ZEV Strategy we have taken into	See box to left	On an ongoing
consideration engagement such as: the views of residents		basis
expressed in successive Residents' Surveys; feedback received		
from enquiries made to the Authority, including social media,		
and enquiries made by Ward Councillors; consultation		
responses made during the development of the North East		
Transport Plan; the Our North Tyneside Plan; views expressed		
at the North Tyneside Transport Forum; and views of the Young		
Mayor, the Member of the Youth Parliament and Youth		
Councillors.		

9. Is there any information you don't have?

		Please explain why this information is not currently available
Yes - please list in section A of the action plan at Q13		
No	√	

Analysis by protected characteristic

	Α	В	С
11. Protected characteristic	Does this proposal and how it will be implemented have the potential to impact on people with this characteristic? (Answer – Yes or No)	If 'Yes' would the potential impact be positive or negative? (Answer – positive or negative)	Please describe the <u>potential</u> impact and the evidence (including that given in Q8 and 9) you have used
All Characteristics	No		
Sex – male or female	No		
Pregnancy and maternity – largely relates to employment, but also to some aspects of service delivery e.g. for breastfeeding women	Yes	Negative	There is a potential negative impact from the use by residents of cable matting crossing the highway (including the footway) for EV charging. This may introduce a possibility of slips, trips and falls by those whose mobility is affected by pregnancy and maternity; particularly so if the matting product used is substandard or inappropriately fitted, or is affected by e.g. leaf fall or snow. This can be reduced by specifying that the Authority does not authorise or advocate the use of cable matting crossing the highway for EV charging.

Age – people of different ages, including young and old	Yes	Positive	The ZEV Strategy is anticipated to have a positive impact on this characteristic. As people of certain age groups may be more likely to travel in a motor vehicle for many of their journeys, the proposals will help to ensure that they continue to be able to travel as petrol and diesel vehicles are replaced by ZEVs.
	Yes	Negative	There is a potential negative impact from the use by residents of cable matting crossing the highway (including the footway) for EV charging. This may introduce a possibility of slips, trips and falls by those whose mobility is affected by age; particularly so if the matting product used is sub-standard or inappropriately fitted, or is affected by e.g. leaf fall or snow. This can be reduced by specifying that the Authority does not authorise or advocate the use of cable matting crossing the highway for EV charging.
Disability – including those with visual, audio (BSL speakers and hard of hearing), mobility, physical, mental health issues, learning, multiple	Yes	Positive	The ZEV Strategy is anticipated to have a positive impact on this characteristic. As people with a disability may be more likely to travel in a motor vehicle for many of their journeys, the proposals will help to ensure that they continue to be able to travel as petrol and diesel vehicles are replaced by ZEVs.
and unseen disabilities	Yes	Negative	There is a potential negative impact from the use by residents of cable matting crossing the highway (including the footway) for EV charging. This may introduce a possibility of slips, trips and falls for people with certain disabilities, e.g. who are partially sighted or blind, or have disability-related mobility issues; particularly so if the matting product used is substandard or inappropriately fitted, or is affected by e.g. leaf fall or snow. This can be reduced by specifying that the Authority does not authorise or advocate the use of cable matting crossing the highway for EV charging.

Gender reassignment - includes trans, non-binary and those people who do not identify with or reject gender labels	No		
Race – includes a person's nationality, colour, language, culture and geographic origin	No		
Religion or belief – includes those with no religion or belief	No		
Sexual orientation – includes gay, lesbian, bisexual and straight people	No		

Marriage and civil partnership status - not single, co-habiting, widowed or divorced— only relates to eliminating unlawful discrimination in employment	No		
Intersectionality - will have an impact due to a combination of two or more of these characteristics	No		

If you have answered 'Yes' anywhere in column A please complete the rest of the form, ensuring that all identified negative impacts are addressed in either Q12 'negative impacts that cannot be removed' or Q13 'Action Plan' below

If you have answered 'No' in all rows in column A please provide the rationale and evidence in the all characteristics box in column C and go to Q14 'Outcome of EIA'.

12.a Can any of the negative impacts identified in Q11 not be removed or reduced?

Yes - please list them in the table below and explain why	
No	\checkmark

12.b Potential negative impact	What alternative options, if any, were considered?	Explanation of why the impact cannot be removed or reduced or the alternative option pursued.
-	-	-

Action Planning (you do not need to complete the grey cells within the plan)

13. Action Plan	Impact: (Answer remove or reduce)	Responsible officer (Name and service)	Target completion date
Section A: Actions to gather evidence or information to improve NTC's understanding of the potential impacts on people with protected characteristics and how best to respond to them (please explain below)		John Cram, Regeneration and Economic Development	Oct 2025
Evidence and information is gathered as part of the preparation of the Transport Strategy Annual Report. This will also inform the monitoring and review of the implementation of the Transport Strategy and its subsidiary strategies.			
Section B: Actions already in place to remove or reduce potential negative impacts (please explain below)	Reduce	John Cram, Regeneration and Economic Development	
The proposed updated 2024 version of the strategy includes wording specifying that the Authority does not authorise or advocate the use of cable matting crossing the highway for EV charging.			
Section C: Actions that will be taken to remove or reduce potential negative impacts (please explain below)	-	-	-
Not applicable			
Coation D. Actions that will be taken to make the most of any natential		John Crom	Ongoing
Section D: Actions that will be taken to make the most of any potential positive impact (please explain below)		John Cram, Regeneration and Economic Development	Ongoing
Evidence and information which is gathered as part of the preparation of the Transport Strategy Annual Report can be used to identify opportunities to make the most of any potential positive impact as part of the development of transport plans and programmes.			

Section E: Actions that will be taken to monitor the equality impact of this proposal once it is implemented (please explain below)	John Cram, Regeneration and Economic Development	Oct 2025
Monitoring of the equality impact of the ZEV Strategy will be carried out as part of the preparation of the Transport Strategy Annual Report, which involves the gathering and analysis of relevant data and applying this to the future development of transport plans and programmes.		
Section F: Review of EIA to be completed	John Cram, Regeneration and Economic Development	Oct 2027

14. Outcome of EIA

Based on the conclusions from this assessment:

Outcome of EIA	Tick relevant box	Please explain and evidence why you have reached this conclusion:
The proposal is robust, no major change is required.	√	Some identified potential impacts are positive. Actions are specified to reduce the identified potential negative impacts.
Continue but with amendments		
Not to be pursued		

Now send this document to the <u>Corporate Equality Group member for your service</u> for clearance.

Quality assurance and approval

Questions 15-18 are only for completion by the Corporate Equality Group Member for your service

15. Do you agree or disagree with this assessment?	Agree ✓	Disagree
16. If disagree, please explain:		
17. Name of Corporate Equality Group Member:	Melissa Lackenby	
	(Version 1 was previous	usly approved by Steve Bishop on 29/10/21)
18. Date:	19/08/2024	

Conclusion:

- If the assessment is agreed, please send the document to the Director of Service for sign off.
- If you disagree return to author for reconsideration.

Questions 19-22 are only for completion by the Director of Service

19. Do you agree or disagree with this assessment?	Agree	✓	Disagree
20. If disagree, please explain:			
21. Director of Service:	John Sp	oarkes	
	(Version	n 1 was prev	riously approved by Phil Scott on 29/10/21)
22. Date:	23/08/2	024	

Please return the document to the Author and Corporate Equality Group Member.